

# SAFETY DATA SHEET EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL / HISPEC

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC

Product number 10011

Synonyms; trade names EVERCHLOR AGRICULTURAL SOL, HISPEC CHLORINE LIQUID

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Disinfectant. Chemical Intermediate

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Univar

Aquarius House

6 Mid Point Business Park

Bradford

BD3 7AY

+44 1274 267300 sds@univar.com +44 1274 267306

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Contact Number +44 1274 267346

(Office Hours)

Emergency Contact Number +441865 407333

(Outside Office Hours)

**Sds No.** 10011

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Classification (67/548/EEC or C;R34. N;R50. R31.

1999/45/EC)

2.2. Label elements

**Pictogram** 





## **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** P260 Do not breathe vapour/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Contains SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

## 2.3. Other hazards

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

10-30%

CAS number: 7681-52-9 EC number: 231-668-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488154-34-0000

M factor (Acute) = 10 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 C;R34 R31 N;R50

Skin Corr. 1B - H314
Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE <0.1%

CAS number: 7722-64-7 EC number: 231-760-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119480139-34

M factor (Acute) = 10 M factor (Chronic) = 10

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Ox. Sol. 2 - H272 O;R8 Xn;R22 N;R50/53

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Keep affected person warm and at

rest. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Chlorine. Oxygen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

for firefighters clothing

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid or minimise the creation of any environmental contamination. Spillages or uncontrolled

discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or

other appropriate regulatory body.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Provide adequate ventilation.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in

the original container. Protect from light. Store away from the following materials: Acids.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

#### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

## SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE (CAS: 7681-52-9)

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

**DNEL** Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1.55 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Short term: 3.1 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term: 1.55 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term: 3.1 mg/m³

PNEC - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.00021 mg/l

Sediment (Marinewater); 0.000042 mg/l
Intermittent release; 0.00026 mg/l

- STP; 0.03 mg/l

## POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE (CAS: 7722-64-7)

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

## **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Rubber

(natural, latex).

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Use cartridge

respirator Type B P3

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour Various colours.

Odour Chlorine.

pH (concentrated solution): >11

Melting point -17°C

Initial boiling point and range >100°C @

Relative density 1.20 - 1.27 @ °C

**Solubility(ies)** Completely soluble in water.

#### 9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Ammonia or amines. Hydrocarbons. Methanol.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Fire creates: Chlorine.

products

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## Toxicological information on ingredients.

# SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> 1,100.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

## **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

n 10,500.0

Species

Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

10,500.0

mg/l)

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard

None.

Inhalation

May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat, lungs and bronchial

system. May cause respiratory system irritation.

**Ingestion** May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

**Skin contact** May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.

Eye contact Causes burns.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

## SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

**Ecotoxicity** The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.01-0.1 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

 $EC_{50}$ , 48 hours: 0.01-0.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

## Ecological information on ingredients.

## SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

**Toxicity** Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Acute aquatic toxicity

**LE(C)**<sub>50</sub>  $0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$ 

M factor (Acute) 10

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 0.06 mg/l, Freshwater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 0.141 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 0.04 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

## **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 28 days: 0.04 mg/l, Freshwater fish

life stage

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

Persistence and degradability

The product is expected to be biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient : -3.42

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

**General information** Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1791

## **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1791 **UN No. (ICAO)** 1791

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name

HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

(IMDG)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ADN) HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID subsidiary risk

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

IMDG subsidiary risk

ICAO class/division 8

ICAO subsidiary risk

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group II

ICAO packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-A, S-B

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## **EVERCHLOR INDUSTRIAL / AGRICULTURAL/ HISPEC**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

This product may impact SEVESO storage regulations.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 25/03/2015

Revision 02

Supersedes date 27/07/2010

SDS number 10011

SDS status Approved.

Signature Jitendra Panchal

Risk phrases in full R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

R34 Causes burns.

R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

**Hazard statements in full** H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.